Here is a simplified example of the vector space retrieval model. Consider a very small collection C that consists in the following three documents:

d1: "new york times" d2: "new york post" d3: "los angeles times"

Some terms appear in two documents, some appear only in one document. The total number of documents is N=3. Therefore, the idf values for the terms are:

angles $log_2(3/1)=1.584$ los $log_2(3/1)=1.584$ new $log_2(3/2)=0.584$ post $log_2(3/1)=1.584$ times $log_2(3/2)=0.584$ york $log_2(3/2)=0.584$

For all the documents, we calculate the *tf* scores for all the terms in C. We assume the words in the vectors are ordered alphabetically.

d1 d2	angeles 0 0	los 0 0	new 1 1	post 0 1	times 1 0	york 1 1
d3	1	1	0	0	1	0

Now we multiply the *tf* scores by the *idf* values of each term, obtaining the following matrix of documents-by-terms: (All the terms appeared only once in each document in our small collection, so the maximum value for normalization is 1.)

d1 d2	angeles 0	0	new 0.584 0.584	0	0.584	•
d3		1.584			0.584	

Given the following query: "new new times", we calculate the *tf-idf* vector for the query, and compute the score of each document in C relative to this query, using the cosine similarity measure. When computing the *tf-idf* values for the query terms we divide the frequency by the maximum frequency (2) and multiply with the *idf* values.

(0	0	(2/2)*0.584=0.584	0	(1/2)*0.584=0.292	0

We calculate the length of each document and of the query:

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Length of d1 = sqrt(0.584^2+0.584^2+0.584^2)=1.011

Length of d2 = sqrt(0.584^2+1.584^2+0.584^2)=1.786

Length of d3 = sqrt(1.584^2+1.584^2+0.584^2)=2.316

Length of q = sqrt(0.584^2+0.292^2)=0.652
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Then the similarity values are:

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\begin{aligned} &\cos Sim(d1,q) = (0*0+0*0+0.584*0.584+0*0+0.584*0.292+0.584*0) \ / \ (1.011*0.652) = 0.776 \\ &\cos Sim(d2,q) = (0*0+0*0+0.584*0.584+1.584*0+0*0.292+0.584*0) \ / \ (1.786*0.652) = 0.292 \\ &\cos Sim(d3,q) = (1.584*0+1.584*0+0*0.584+0*0+0.584*0.292+0*0) \ / \ (2.316*0.652) = 0.112 \end{aligned}
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According to the similarity values, the final order in which the documents are presented as result to the query will be: d1, d2, d3.